

The Intelligencer,

Published Daily, Except Sunday.

TERMS:

Per Year, by Mail, Postage Prepaid.
DAILY (SIX DAYS IN THE WEEK) \$5.00
DAILY (THREE DAYS IN THE WEEK) 4.00
DAILY (TWO DAYS IN THE WEEK) 3.00
DAILY (ONE DAY IN ADVANCE) 1.00
WEEKLY (SIX MONTHS) 30.00

The Intelligencer is delivered by carriers in Wheeling and adjacent towns at 15 cents per week.
Persons wishing to subscribe in the DAILY INTELLIGENCER can do so by sending in their orders to the Intelligencer office on postal card or otherwise. They will be punctually served by carriers.

Trifles of Respect and Obituary Notices, 50 cents per line.
Correspondence containing important news solicited from every part of the surrounding country.
Rejected communications will not be returned unless accompanied by sufficient postage.

INTELLIGENCER PUB. CO.,

PROPRIETORS.

25 AND 27 FOURTEENTH STREET, WHEELING.

[The Intelligencer, embracing its several editions, is entered in the Postoffice at Wheeling, W. Va., as second-class matter.]

TELEPHONE NUMBERS:

Editorial Rooms 833, Counting Room 832.

The Intelligencer

WHEELING, OCTOBER 27, 1894.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS.

First District—B. B. DOVER, of Ohio County.
Second District—A. G. DAYTON, of Harbort Co.
Third District—JAS. H. HULLING, of Kanawha Co.
Fourth District—WARREN MILLER, of Jackson Co.

FOR STATE SENATOR—FIRST DISTRICT.

N. E. WHITAKER.

FOR HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

JOSEPH C. BRADY.

ABRAHAM STAMM.

ALEX. B. CAMPBELL.

S. G. SMITH.

FOR JUDGE OF THE CRIMINAL COURT.

T. J. HUGGS.

FOR COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS.

JAMES C. LEWIS.

"We are engaged this year in a movement to keep our business at home. We have discovered that if we don't keep our business, our business will not keep us."—Governor McKinley at Buffalo, October 26.

The Recent Record of Wool Prices.
In its pictured fraud occupying a page the Register quoted "Fine washed wool under high tariff, January, 1894, 20 cents;" "Fine washed wool under free wool, August, 1894, 21 cents to 23 cents."

It is not said whether these were the prices paid on the farm or the prices paid in seaboard markets. Nor does it matter materially. The aim is to show that since the passage of the free wool bill the price of domestic wool has advanced. This is not true, as everybody who has watched the wool market knows well.

Under the Wilson-Gorman bill the selling price of wool has been and remains lower than it ever was before. The Register has great confidence in the Philadelphia Record, of which it took occasion to speak in very high terms as late as yesterday.

The Record printed the free trade wool comparison before the Register got hold of it, and the Philadelphia Inquirer took the trouble to consult the Record's files for its wool quotations covering the periods named in the free trade exhibit, adding quotations, also from the Record, for the present month of October. This record from the Democratic Record is interesting:

Quotations from Philadelphia Record, January, 1894:
Ohio, fine delaine.....24 1/2c
Michigan, fine delaine.....21 1/2c
XX Ohio.....22c
XX Ohio.....21 1/2c
New York, Michigan.....19 1/2c
Quotations from Philadelphia Record, August, 1894:
Ohio, fine delaine.....24 1/2c
Michigan, fine delaine.....21 1/2c
XX Ohio.....22c
XX Ohio.....21 1/2c
Michigan, New York.....19 1/2c
Quotations from Philadelphia Record, October 19, 1894:
Ohio, fine delaine.....24 1/2c
Michigan, fine delaine.....21 1/2c
XX Ohio.....22c
XX Ohio.....21 1/2c
Michigan, New York.....19 1/2c

It appears from the above that fine washed wool, Ohio XX and above—the standard wool of this region—was quoted in Philadelphia, January, 1894, at 23 cents a pound, not at 20 cents a pound as given by the Register. It appears further that in August last the same wool was quoted in the same market at 19 cents to 21 cents, not from 21 cents to 23 cents as the Register has it.

Finally it appears that on October 19, only a few days ago, the quotation had fallen to 18 cents, 5 cents a pound less than the same Democratic Record quoted for the same wool in the same market in January last. The fact is that last week a sale of this wool was made in Philadelphia at 16 1/2 cents a pound.

It is idle for anybody to try to make it appear that wool has advanced in this country since the passage of the free wool bill. Notwithstanding the fact that free wool was discounted by the trade, wool is lower to-day than when the bill passed. Whoever has had any wool to sell since the passage of the bill knows that this is true.

The free traders cannot change the markets, however they may juggle the quotations.
The little Japs continue to bang into the Chinese. China may as well throw up the sponge and sue for peace.

Disreputable Campaigning.
An anonymous circular purporting to give the legislative record of State Senator N. E. Whitaker has been circulated with great industry. The statements are so far from the facts as shown by the record that it is not strange that nobody was willing to put his name to the miscellaneous assortment of falsehoods. There is nothing in the publication that can do Mr. Whitaker harm when the truth is laid along side of it.

This Mr. Whitaker does in to-day's INTELLIGENCER. He quotes the whole

circular and then tears it to pieces by quoting the official record. The reply is crushing and conclusive, and the INTELLIGENCER hopes that every voter in the First senatorial district may read it. It is a faithful public servant's account of the services he has rendered.

For the opportunity to make this creditable exhibit without sacrifice of modesty Mr. Whitaker is indebted to the meanness and desperation of the person or persons who prepared and issued the circular against him. Mr. Julius Pollock, the Democratic nominee against Mr. Whitaker, should pray to be saved from the criminal folly of his friends who have undertaken to manage his hopeless campaign.

From the moment of his nomination Mr. Pollock has not had the ghost of a show to defeat Mr. Whitaker; but if he cannot come out of the contest with victory he should at least desire to come out of it with honor, and this he cannot do if he permits anonymous rascality to be resorted to in his behalf.

The young men of Wheeling organized a vigorous Republican escort club last night. The young men are flocking to the standard of protection.

Don't Trade Votes.

It has come to the knowledge of the INTELLIGENCER that Republicans are daily being approached by the friends of certain Democratic candidates with propositions to trade votes in the interest of their favorites, and that, in some instances, they have succeeded in making the deals. In one case run down by the Republican committee it appears that one Democrat has traded his vote on a single candidate with ten different Republicans.

The trading of votes is at no time a commendable piece of business, nor is it a safe method to help a ticket. In most instances the offers are not made in good faith, and the unwary man who accepts nearly always finds, when it is too late, that he is a victim of misplaced confidence.

Republicans should beware of entertaining such propositions, for they are a part of the Democratic scheme to save a portion of the Democratic ticket, which is already marked for defeat in this country.

Under our present secret ballot law there is no possibility of knowing whether either of the parties to such an agreement has kept faith. It is no longer possible to vote open ballots, or for men who have agreed upon a trade to prepare their ballots in the presence of each other.

But there is another consideration in regard to the trading of votes. The election of members of the legislature and of Congress is not the question of the choice of merely local officers. It involves a great principle. A vote for a Republican candidate for the legislature is a vote for protection; a vote for a Democratic candidate is a vote for free trade, for upon the next legislature devolves the duty of the election of a United States senator. The importance of considering the vital issues at stake, therefore, is as great as in the election of a representative to Congress.

The Republican ticket, from beginning to end, is worthy of the full support of Republicans, because it represents the right side of public questions, and Republicans who hope to obtain an additional vote for some favorite member of the ticket should think twice before entering into any agreement of the nature referred to.

There is no guarantee that the agreement will be carried out, and the voter may learn when too late that instead of gaining a vote for his favorite, he has lost one for some other candidate on his ticket.

There is something like a smallpox panic in Washington. The indications of an epidemic are strong enough to cause the closing of the interior department.

Mr. Wilson's Desperate Friends.
A circular put out in the Second district contains this in big black type:

"Mr. Elkins, my services are yours, my politics are my own; when they don't suit you, you know your remedy."

—Mr. E. S. Landstreet, in 1892.

Mr. Landstreet is the secretary and general manager of the Davis Coal & Coke Company, of which Mr. Elkins is president. The impression sought to be conveyed is plain. Mr. Elkins is supposed to have put pressure on Mr. Landstreet to compel him to vote the Republican ticket in 1892, and Mr. Landstreet is represented as answering as above.

Mr. Landstreet writes to say that "the whole thing is infamous." Mr. Elkins made no effort to compel Mr. Landstreet to vote the Republican ticket. Mr. Landstreet did not have occasion to make the reply put in his mouth. The story is a Democratic fabrication to make it appear that men employed in the industries in which Mr. Elkins is interested are unduly influenced by him to support the Republican ticket.

Mr. Landstreet is none too severe when he characterizes as infamous such tactics as these. It must appear to any thoughtful mind that a cause which has to be bolstered up in this nasty way is desperate indeed. That is precisely the condition in which the free trade cause finds itself in the district misrepresented by the chairman of the ways and means committee.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND knows who is running on the Democratic ticket for governor of New York, but he has nothing to say on the subject. Does he want Hill elected or defeated?

The reduction of the duty on tin plate by the new tariff law has been followed by a decline in prices. This benefits the whole people, as tin plate is an article of universal consumption, and ranks as one of the necessities of life. The Iron Age reports that while the price of the standard grade in New York was \$1.12 per box on August 16, it was \$1.12 on October 11. Here is a decline of \$1 a box, or nearly 20 per cent.—*Paymaster Jones.*

But the Index doesn't tell the whole truth. There may have been a decline of 20 per cent in the price of tin plate, but along with it came a reduction of

33 1/2 per cent in the wages of the tin plate workers. Cheap prices are no more a sign of the prosperity of the country than cheap labor is a sign of the prosperity of the wage worker.

The Central Traffic Association having announced an advance in eastbound freight rates from Chicago and points west to take effect November 12, the Register jumps to the conclusion that this is an indication of a business revival. It is an indication that lake navigation will soon be closed and water competition shut off.

The anonymous prevaricator who assailed the legislative record of State Senator N. E. Whitaker has reason to be glad that he lacked the nerve to put his brand on his job. Mr. Whitaker comes out over his own signature and puts the brand of infamy on the disreputable thing.

A Canadian firm advises the management of the Ohio penitentiary that by reason of the new tariff it can furnish that institution with hay and potatoes at very low prices. The management, being Republican, will continue to purchase from Ohio farmers. But those farmers and all other farmers will realize the changed conditions.

FORLORN HOPE

Of the Democratic Tammany Crowd in New York.

The last hopes of Tammany centre in two of the meanest perversions and the most gross misrepresentations ever known in human affairs.

The first is the great stroke by the treasury department—catching a laboring man who dared to venture to this country to engage in the personal service of one of our citizens.

It is the basest idea of Tammany that the simple rights of the poor man who is caught and imprisoned and persecuted will avail him nothing because he is an Englishman. It is also the judgment of the plunderers of New York, now on trial as blackmailers before the people, that the citizen whose personal servant has been seized for the atrocious crime of being an Englishman, has no redress, because that citizen happens to be the Republican candidate for governor of New York.

The Tammany freebooters rely upon the prejudice against the Englishmen, to whom the Democrats are striving to make our markets free on account of a slave state tradition and the confederate constitution; and also the Tammany tribe take comfort in their conceit of confidence that the workmen can be fooled by a burlesque of the law that was framed for their protection—and is for the "labor" end of the protective system—though clearly this very malignant, stupid, thick-headed abuse of the law is better calculated than anything else to make the law odious and destroy its efficacy.

The next thing that the desperate gang believe in as a help is the incessant appeal to the Catholic church to aid Hill and Grant because the A. P. A. organization has suddenly grown peculiarly monstrous and alarming. Now there is no danger in the dark in this country for the professors of any religion, and the very appeals to a great mass of our fellow-citizens to assist Tammany, and the nature of those appeals, excite rancor and account for prejudice.

The Republican state convention did not regard the A. P. A. matter of sufficient import to call for a reaffirmation of the primary principle of the constitution of the United States, but under the leadership of Senator Hill the Democrats in their convention demagogued the case to the utmost, and sought, as Mr. John W. Goff admirably says, to divert the public attention from the damnable record of Tammany to pursue a phantom.

Considering the constant Democratic vociferation on this subject—the howling and tin-pau pounding, with impudent and insulting presumption—the Republican candidate for governor and the Opposition to the Tribe candidate for mayor of New York have noticed the subject in terms that are unmistakable in their emphasis and perfect in their propriety.

The time of Tammany has come to go under, and the tail of the Tiger is around Hill with the twist of a box canister.

A. P. A. Democrats in Brooklyn.

The dishonest attempt of the Democratic machine leaders to establish some sort of connection between the Republican party and the A. P. A.'s is indignantly repudiated by well informed and independent Democrats, who scorn to resort to falsehood for political capital.

Irish World readers are familiar with the name of "Honest Dan Bradley," one of the Catholic Irish-American members of the Lexow committee. Senator Bradley is a Democratic candidate for Congress in the city of

Brooklyn, and is making a vigorous canvass, as another Catholic Irish-American has been nominated by the Republicans in the same district, and he believes in honest methods and in exposing the A. P. A. conspirators wherever they may be found.

On last Saturday evening he opened his campaign with a public address, in which he paid his respects to the A. P. A.'s and furnished the proofs of the existence of an A. P. A. organization among the Brooklyn bridge employees, a Democratic organization having four hundred members. He challenged contradiction of his statements, and hurled his manly and patriotic defiance at the conspirators, as every true American should.

Senator Bradley's action in this respect was in pleasing contrast with that of the Democratic politicians of his district, who censored to be circulated the next morning at the door of St. Stephen's church in Brooklyn, at which Senator Bradley's Republican opponent, Mr. Hurley, attends, a circular seeking to make political capital against him even while he was kneeling before the altar.

DISMANTLED MILLS

In West Virginia, as the Result of Mr. Wilson's Policy.

Governor McKinley referred in West Virginia to the dismantled mills in Mr. Wilson's state. He added:

"When the Republicans in Congress prepared the tariff law of 1890 we put a tariff on cotton ties, and a great factory was opened up across the river at Pomerooy. When the tariff was placed on cotton ties they were selling in the markets at \$1.25 a bundle. After the tariff law of 1890 went into effect the price fell to 75 cents a bundle. They have now been made free by the British-Brice-Gorman-Wilson free trade law of 1894, and the manufacture of cotton ties in the United States has been destroyed, and American workmen who have been making cotton ties are idle. Whom has this industry been given to? Our commercial rivals on the other side of the Atlantic ocean, and it was your own fellow-citizen of West Virginia who had this done."

Wilson was battering down the Chinese wall. ("Hear, Hear, Hear.")

McKINLEY AND WILSON ABROAD.

In 1890 William McKinley was burned in effigy in the English manufacturing city of Sheffield; but in 1894 William L. Wilson was killed and killed in London because he is the author of a free trade tariff bill. These are significant facts.

Keep your blood pure and healthy and you will not have rheumatism. Hood's Sarsaparilla gives the blood vitality and richness.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, letter chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Logan Drug Company.

Home Seekers' Excursions.

The Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling Railway Company will sell round trip tickets to points in Michigan at one fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold October 17 and November 14, good twenty days from date of sale.

HAVE YOU HEARD?

A Little Secret Whispered for the Ladies.
This Secret is not Only for Young Ladies, but for the Mothers of Families and for all Interested.



MRS. E. L. TAYLOR AND DAUGHTER.

Wonderful and extraordinary events among well-known women strongly and powerfully interest all. This country is filled with noble-minded women who earnestly desire to promote the welfare of their sex. One of the brightest and most intellectual of these is Mrs. E. L. Taylor, who resides at 17 Baker Block, Main street, Ticonderoga, N. Y. She says:

"A year ago I became fearfully nervous and completely run down so that I was obliged to stop work. I got so that I could hardly eat anything and what little I did eat distressed me terribly. I had nervous prostration and dyspepsia, and was terribly weak."

"I tried physicians and medicines but all to no good. I had heard much about the wonders of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy and began to feel that it would do me good. I determined to try it. After commencing it, I began to feel better almost immediately and steadily improved under its wonderful influence."

"After taking five bottles I was completely cured of all my complaints, and was a perfectly well woman. I cannot tell you how thankful I am for having

taken Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. I advise everyone to use it, for I know the good it did me and what it is doing for others."

The positive and straightforward statements made by the foregoing and deep-thinking men and women who are cured by Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, give to these testimonials such strength and influence that everybody acknowledges the genuine worth and marvelous power to cure of this wonderful medicine.

Everybody takes Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy for it always cures.

It is not a patent medicine, but the prescription of the most successful living specialist in curing nervous and chronic disease, Dr. Greene, of 35 West Fourth street, New York City. He has the largest practice in the world, and this grand medical discovery is the result of his vast experience. The great reputation of Dr. Greene is a guarantee that his medicine will cure, and the fact that he can be consulted by anyone, at any time, free of charge, personally or by letter, gives absolute assurance of the beneficial action of this wonderful medicine.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.
EXECUTOR'S SALE OF STOCK AND REAL ESTATE.

On SATURDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1894, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the front door of the Court House, I will proceed to sell at public sale the following described real estate, situated in the City of Wheeling, West Virginia, to-wit:

The easterly half of lot number one hundred and thirteen (134) in East Wheeling addition to said city of Wheeling, fronting 20 feet, more or less, on the north side of Eighteenth street, between E. and Jacob streets, with a depth of 120 feet.

The improvements consist of one double two-story and attic brick dwelling house of six rooms each, known as Nos. 53 and 55 Eighteenth street, and one two-story frame dwelling house of five (5) rooms on the rear of said lot and known as No. 52 Alley 15.

Terms—Cash. I will also offer for sale 50 SHARES PEABODY INSURANCE COMPANY STOCK. Terms cash.

Executed by the will of Mrs. Matilda Adams, deceased. RINEHART & TATUM, Agents. W. H. HALLER, Auctioneer.

POLITICAL APPOINTMENTS.

Capt. B. B. Dorener Will Address Meetings at the Following Places, up to and including November 5, 1894.

Sutton, Braxton county, Saturday, October 27, 1894, 9 p. m.
Wellington, Brooke county, Monday, October 29, 7:30 p. m.
Fairview, Hancock county, Tuesday, October 30, 7:30 p. m.
McClure, Hancock county, Wednesday, October 31, 7:30 p. m.
Bethany, Brooke county, Thursday, November 1, 7:30 p. m.
McClure, Marshall county, Friday, November 2, 7:30 p. m.
Wheeling, Ohio county, Saturday, November 3, 7:30 p. m.
Benedict, Marshall county, Monday, November 5, 7:30 p. m.

AMUSEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 1.

ENGAGEMENT OF Willard Spenser's Opera Co.,

Direct from their Famous 133-Night Run at the Grand and Chestnut Street Theatres, Philadelphia, Presenting

The Princess Bonnie.

By the Author of THE LITTLE TYCOON.

80—PEOPLE—80

—INCLUDING—

FRANK PATTER, ELEANORE MAY, WILLIAM ARWING, ROSE BRONZIK, JULIAN SWAIN MARION, MARIEA BAKER, N. S. BURMAN, FRANCES RUSSELL, JOSEPH GRUNSFELDER, MONTY JOY WALKER.

Prices—All seats on lower floor, \$1.50; admission \$1.00. Balcony—Reserved seats, \$1.00; admission, 50c. Seats on sale at C. A. House's music store Tuesday, October 30, 1894.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY AND SATURDAY MATINEE, October 25, 26, 27.

Jule Walters Set Tracked.

The Unusually Funny Comedy with all New and Special Scenes.

Night Prices, 15, 25, 35 and 50c. Matinee prices, 10, 25 and 35c.

WE ARE SOLE AGENTS

IN THIS VICINITY FOR

The Celebrated J. B. Pepper & Co. Whisky

as they carry in stock all times such brands as Old Ft. Henry, Dougherty, Overholt, Finch, Gibson and Quakenbush, and any other goods of this class usually carried by first-class houses.

SCHAEFER & DRIEHOEST,

1428 Main street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

NOTICE—I DO NOT BELONG TO any organization. H. G. ZANE. 0077

LOST—A PLAIN GOLD RING, VERY heavy. Finder will be liberally rewarded by returning it to this office. 0078

THIRD PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, South Jacob street. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by Rev. Barlow, of Michigan. 0079

LADIES WANTED TO WRITE at home; \$15 weekly; no canvassing. Reply with stamp. Miss FANNIE FELKOR, South Bend, Ind. 0080

LOST—SILK PURSE, BETWEEN Ninth street and Harkins & Schneider's store, on Main or Market streets. Finder please leave at Intelligencer office. 0081

DOG LOST—A SMALL WHITE FOX Terrier bitch; black head and black spot on hip; short tail. A liberal reward will be paid for her return to the postoffice. 0082

OPIMUM HABIT POSITIVELY cured at your home; medicine for many other uses by the Medical Cure Co.; circulars and consultation free. Address J. D. SLATER, Treasurer, Cleveland, O. 0083

LOST—AN ALLIGATOR POCKET BOOK, between Ninth and Main streets and Mrs. Judge Thompson's, on National road. Finder will be rewarded by leaving same at Intelligencer office. 0084

CLAIRVOYANT—PROF. O'LEARY, Phrenologist and Medium, assisted by his wife, Clairvoyant and Pianist, break every fluency, give date of marriage and tell everything. 1920 Main street. 0085

WANTED—LADIES WISHING EMPLOYMENT at their homes—send self-addressed envelope for descriptive circular and commence work at once; good wages paid. ALFRED KNOTTING CO., Waltham, Mass. 0086

WANTED—PHILADELPHIA wholesale clothing house desires services of a traveling salesman commanding good trade for West Virginia and surroundings; good salary to right party. Reply with references to WILSON & CO., 20 N. Third street, Philadelphia, Pa. 0087

NEW ORLEANS

—MOLASSES—

The new crop (1894) has arrived at H. F. BEHRENS', 2217 Market Street.

No branch stores.

Rookwood Pottery.

New Stock just received.

Ewing Bros.,

Agents for Rookwood Pottery.

MRS. J. A. RAYNES, ELOCUTION, DELSARTE.

MR. J. A. RAYNES, VOICE CULTURE, PIANO and STRINGED INSTRUMENTS.

For terms address, 138 FOURTEENTH STREET.

FOOT BALL

++ SUPPLIES.

Inter-Collegiate Balls.

Rugby Regulation Balls.

Cheap Amateur Balls.

EXTRA BLADDERS FOR BEST BALLS.

STANTON'S Old City Book Store.

LIST OF LETTERS